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## **CLAIMS**

What is claimed is:

1. An adaptive analog equalizer that operates on a signal, comprising:

a high pass network and a multiplier, the multiplier has an adjustable gain that

5 is adjusted using gain control;

the high pass network and the multiplier have a frequency response that, when adaptively applied to an input signal, are operable to compensate for corruption in the input signal;

the gain control uses an output of the adaptive analog equalizer to adjust the adjustable gain of the multiplier; and

the high pass network and the multiplier modify the input signal, the modified input signal is summed with the input signal.

- 2. The adaptive analog equalizer of claim 1, wherein the input signal comprises a channel corrupted input signal.
- 3. The adaptive analog equalizer of claim 1, wherein the input signal is provided from a communication channel, the communication channel having a channel frequency response; and
- the frequency response of the high pass network and the multiplier is substantially an inverse of the channel frequency response.

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4. The adaptive analog equalizer of claim 1, wherein the gain control performs decision and sampling control of the output signal; and

the gain control integrates an output signal from the decision and sampling control using an integrator.

5. The adaptive analog equalizer of claim 1, further comprising a variable gain amplifier, an integrator, and a peak detector; and

wherein the output signal is passed through the peak detector and the integrator to provide a control signal for the variable gain amplifier.

- 6. The adaptive analog equalizer of claim 1, wherein the adaptive analog equalizer performs double sampling of the input signal.
- 7. The adaptive analog equalizer of claim 1, wherein the adaptive analog equalizer waits a first predetermined period of time after detecting a pulse rising edge before sampling a first sample of the input signal; and

the adaptive analog equalizer waits a second predetermined period of time after detecting the pulse rising edge before sampling a second sample of the input signal.

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8. A double sampling adaptive analog equalizer, comprising:

a gain control unit comprising a decision and sampling control circuit, the decision and sampling control circuit is operable to perform double sampling of an input signal; and

the gain control unit comprises a gain control processed feedback loop that forces the input signal to a predetermined value within a bit period after detecting a pulse rising edge.

- 9. The double sampling adaptive analog equalizer of claim 8, wherein the decision and sampling circuit waits a first predetermined period of time after detecting the pulse rising edge before sampling a first sample of the input signal.
- 10. The double sampling adaptive analog equalizer of claim 9, wherein the first predetermined period of time is less than a pulse period.
- 11. The double sampling adaptive analog equalizer of claim 8, wherein the decision and sampling circuit waits a second predetermined period of time after detecting the pulse rising edge before sampling a second sample of the input signal.
- 20 12. The double sampling adaptive analog equalizer of claim 11, wherein the second predetermined period of time is greater than a pulse period.

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- 13. The double sampling adaptive analog equalizer of claim 8, wherein the predetermined value is zero.
- 14. The double sampling adaptive analog equalizer of claim 8, wherein the adaptive analog equalizer structure comprises a high pass network and a multiplier having an adjustable gain.
  - 15. The double sampling adaptive analog equalizer of claim 14, wherein the input signal is provided from a communication channel, the communication channel having a channel frequency response; and
  - a frequency response of the high pass network and the multiplier is substantially an inverse of the channel frequency response.
- 16. A method to perform analog adaptive equalization, the method comprising:

detecting a pulse rising edge of an input signal;

waiting a first predetermined period of time after detecting the pulse rising edge before sampling a first sample of the input signal;

waiting a second predetermined period of time after detecting the pulse rising edge before sampling a second sample of the input signal; and

adjusting a gain of a multiplier when the second sample does not exceed a predetermined threshold.

- 17. The method of claim 16, wherein the first predetermined period of time is less than a pulse period.
- 18. The method of claim 16, wherein the second predetermined period of time is greater than a pulse period.
  - 19. The method of claim 16, wherein the input signal comprises a channel corrupted input signal.
  - 20. The method of claim 16, further comprising forcing the input signal to zero within a bit period after detecting the pulse rising edge in response to a one to zero transition.